(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the three-month and six-month periods ended
June 30, 2015



KPMG Al Fozan & Al Sadhan

Zahran Business Centre, Tower A, 9th Floor Prince Sultan Street PO Box 55078 Jeddah 21534 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Telephone +966 12 698 9595 +966 12 698 9494 Fax www.kpmg.com.sa Internet

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REVIEW REPORT ON THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Shareholders Emaar The Economic City Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of Emaar The Economic City and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as "the Group") as at June 30, 2015, the related interim consolidated statements of income for the three-month and six-month period then ended, the interim consolidated statements of cash flows and changes in equity for the six-month period then ended and the attached condensed notes 1 to 22 which form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations which we required. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the Auditing Standard on Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and information and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For KPMG Al Fozan & Al Sadhan

Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen

License No. 382

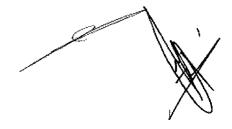
Jeddah, Ramadan 28, 1436H Corresponding to July 15, 2015

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED) As at June 30, 2015

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	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015</u> (SR'000)	2014 (SR*000)
ASSETS		(011 000)	(211 311)
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,610,574	1,425,016
Murabaha term deposits with banks	5	671,429	1,087,871
Accounts receivable and other current assets		236,384	185,552
Development properties	6	1,450,511	864,369
Total current assets		4,968,898	3,562,808
Non-current assets:			
Investment properties	7	4,372,201	4,196,343
Property and equipment	8	5,577,455	4,712,019
Investment in an equity accounted investce	9	2,338,638	2,331,873
Deferred costs	10	6,485	
		12,294,779	11,240,235
Assets classified as held for disposal	11	90,891	101,250
Total non-current assets	•	12,385,670	11,341,485
TOTAL ASSETS		17,354,568	14,904,293
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term loans	12	77.00	62,614
Accounts payable and accruals	13	764,578	681,362
Current portion of long-term loans	15	760,657	745,870
Total current liabilities	-	1,525,235	1,489,846
Non-current liabilities:			
Non-current portion of long-term loans	15	6,272,608	4,581,771
Deferred contribution	16	1,180,197	713,261
Long-term provision		5,099	5,099
Employees' end of service benefits	-	21,151	15,351
Total non-current liabilities		7,479,055	5,315,482
Total liabilities		9,004,290	6,805,328
Equity:			
Share capital	17	8,500,000	8,500,000
Accumulated losses		(147,950)	(400,979)
Effect of reducing the ownership percentage in a		100	
subsidiary	18	(86)	
Total equity attributable to the Company's		0.084.024	0.000.001
shareholders		8,351,964	8,099,021
Non-controlling interests	-	(1,686)	(56)
Total equity	-	8,350,278	8,098,965
Total liabilities and equity	-	17,354,568	14,904,293

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

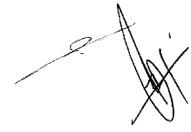


(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

	<u>Notes</u>	For the three- month period ended June 30, 2015 (SR'000)	For the three- month period ended June 30, 2014 (SR'000)	For the six- month period ended June 30, 2015 (SR'000)	For the six- month period ended June 30, 2014 (SR 000)
Revenue Cost of revenue		236,676 (89,459)	450,735 (162,916)	466,238 (161,539)	615,891 (212,853)
Gross profit		147,217	287,819	304,699	403,038
Expenses: Selling and marketing General and administration Land contribution Depreciation Amortisation Impairment loss Maintenance and other costs	7.1 11	(23,409) (45,968) (2,931) (314) (11,160)	(14,814) (40,437) - (4,384) 	(34,262) (80,249) (4,272) (15,603) (628) (11,160)	(24,721) (74,138) — (12,109) — (327)
Total expenses		(83,782)	(59,635)	(146,174)	(111,295)
Profit from operations		63,435	228,184	158,525	291,743
Financial charges, net Murabaha deposit income		(11,107) 4,393	(14,565) 3,144	(23,818) 8,519	(32,686) 5,216
Share of (loss) / profit from an equity accounted investee Other income		(807) 2,607	3,033 298	553 8,662	12,828 298
Income before Zakat and non- controlling interests		58,521	220,094	152,441	277,399
Zakat	20	(8,778)	(7,500)	(17,556)	(15,000)
Income before non-controlling interests		49,743	212,594	134,885	262,399
Share of non-controlling interests in the net loss of consolidated subsidiaries		611	227	1,193	328
Net income attributable to Company's shareholders		50,354	212,821	136,078	262,727
Earnings per share on profit from operations for the period – SR	19	0.0746	0.2685	0.1865	0.3432
Earnings per share on net income attributable to Company's shareholders for the period – SR	19	0.0592	0.2504	0.1601	0,3091

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

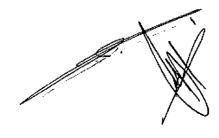


(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

I of the on mount period			
	Notes	<u>2015</u> (SR'000)	2014 (SR'000)
Operating activities:			
Income before Zakat and non-controlling interests		152,441	277,399
Adjustments for:		,	
		41,121	27,542
Depreciation		4,753	3,789
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		(553)	(12,828)
Share of profit from an equity accounted investee		23,818	32,686
Financial charges, net		(8,519)	(5,216)
Murahaba deposit income			(2,210)
Impairment loss	e 1	11,160	
Land contribution	7.1	4,272	129
Maintenance and other costs			327
Amortisation		628	R.S.
		229,121	323,699
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable and other current assets		(10,897)	375,727
Development properties		(178,949)	359,843
Accounts payable and accruals		(95,175)	16,180
Cash (used in) / generated from operations		(55,900)	1,075,499
Cash (used in) / generated from operations		(55,500)	2,0,0,0,0
The Control of Mary Allera	16	254,767	205,809
Deferred contribution	10	(592)	(518)
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(17,100)	(210)
Finance charges paid			(6,268)
Zakat paid		(44,916)	(0,206)
Net cash generated from operating activities		136,259	1,274,472
Investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment		(578,861)	(602,799)
Net movement in Murabaha term deposits with banks		201,256	(826,043)
Murahaba deposit income		8,519	5,216
Net movement in investment properties		(19,543)	(42,919)
Investment in an equity accounted investee	9		(1,185,720)
myesunem in an equity accounted investee	-	•	
Net cash used in investing activities		(388,629)	(2,652,265)
Financing activities:			
Net movement in short-term loans		177	30,769
		850,000	***
Net movement in long-term loan		850,000	30,769
Net cash generated from financing activity		050,000	50,707
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		597,630	(1,347,024)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		2,012,944	2,772,040
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	2,610,574	1,425,016

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.



(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015

			quity attributab eholders' of the		,	
<u>2015</u>	Share <u>capital</u> (SR '000)	Accumulated <u>Losses</u> (SR '000)	Effect of reducing the ownership percentage in a subsidiary (SR '000)	Total shareholders' <u>equity</u> (SR '000)	Non- controlling <u>interests</u> (SR '000)	<u>Total</u> (SR '000)
Balance at January 1	8,500,000	(284,028)	(86)	8,215,886	(493)	8,215,393
Net income for the period		136,078	# # ***********************************	136,078	(1,193)	134,885
Balance at June 30	8,500,000	(147,950)	(86)	8,351,964	(1,686)	8,350,278
-			Equity attributable reholders' of the Effect of			
<u>2014</u>	Share <u>capital</u> (SR '000)	Accumulated Losses (SR '000)	reducing the ownership percentage in a subsidiary (SR '000)	Total sharcholders' <u>equity</u> (SR '000)	Non- controlling interests (SR '000)	<u>Total</u> (SR '000)
Balance at January 1	8,500,000	(663,706)		7,836,294	272	7,836,566
Net income for the period		262,727	2 5	262,727	(328)	262,399
Balance at June 30	8,500,000	(400,979)		8,099,021	(56)	8.098,965

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS ACTIVITIES

Emaar The Economic City ("the Company") is a Saudi Joint Stock Company incorporated under Ministerial Resolution No. 2533 dated Ramadan 3, 1427H, corresponding to September 21, 2006 and registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under Commercial Registration number 4030164269 dated Ramadan 8, 1427H, corresponding to September 26, 2006. The Company is engaged in the development of real estate in the economic or other zones and other development activities including infrastructures, promotion, marketing and sale of land within development areas, transfer/lease of land, development of buildings/housing units, construction on behalf of other parties. The main activity of the Company is the development of the King Abdullah Economic City (KAEC). The registered office of the Company has been shifted to Rabigh. The Commercial Registration number of Rabigh is 4602005884 dated Rabi Al Awwal 6, 1436H, corresponding to December 28, 2014.

The registered office is located at the following address:

P.O. Box No. 2338 Rabigh, King Abdullah Economic City, 23964 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The Company has investments in the following subsidiaries which are primarily involved in development, investments, marketing, sale / lease, operations and maintenance of properties and establishment of companies. The Company and its subsidiaries constitute "the Group".

Name	Country of <u>Incorporation</u>	Year of incorporation	<u>ownershi</u>	ctive p interest
Economic Cities Investments Holding Company (ECIHC)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2010	2015 99%	<u>2014</u> 99%
Industrial Zones Development Company Limited (IZDCL)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2011	98%	100%
Economic Cities Real Estate Operation and Management Company Limited (REOM)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2013	98%	98%
Economic Cities Pioneer Real Estate Management Company Limited (REM)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2013	98%	98%
Economic Cities Real Estate Development Company Limited (RED)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2013	98%	98%

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Accounting Standard on Interim Financial Reporting issued by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA).

Functional and presentation currency

These accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SR) which is the functional currency of the Group. All financial information presented in SR has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

The interim results may not be an indicator of the annual results of the Group. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the latest annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Accounting convention

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the measurement at fair value of assets classified as held for disposal using accrual basis of accounting and going concern assumption.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected. The key areas requiring significant management judgments and estimates are as follows:

Classification of investment properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgment, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by the Group.

Impairment of accounts receivable

An estimate of the collectible amount of accounts receivable is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. For individually significant amounts, this estimation is performed on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but which are past due, are assessed collectively and an allowance applied according to the length of time past due.

Cost to complete the projects

As part of application of percentage of completion method on contract accounting, the cost to complete the project is estimated. These estimates include, amongst other items, the construction costs, variation orders by contractors and the cost of meeting other contractual obligations to the customers. Such estimates are reviewed at regular intervals. Any subsequent changes in the estimated cost to complete may affect the results of the subsequent periods.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Impairment on assets classified as held for disposal

Assets classified as held for disposal are assessed for impairment at regular intervals in order to reflect adequate recoverable amount in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements, based on the prevailing market value obtained from professionals involved in the sale of these assets.

Long-term provision

Long-term provision is assessed periodically based on excess costs to be incurred in providing property and city maintenance services to residential customers, to reflect the probable outflow of resources required to settle the obligation.

Useful lives of property and equipment

The management determines the estimated useful lives of property and equipment for calculating depreciation. This estimate is determined after considering expected usage of the assets and physical wear and tear. Management reviews the residual value and useful lives annually and change in depreciation charges, if any, are adjusted in current and future periods.

Impairment of property and equipment and investment property

Property and equipment and investment property are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable in part or full. Whenever the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and the value in use. The net selling price is the amount obtained from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction while value in use is present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

Reversal of impairment losses recognised in the prior periods are recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the property and equipment and investment property no longer exist or have reduced.

Impairment of other non-financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount, which is higher of fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

Going concern

The Group's management has made an assessment of its ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following significant accounting policies used by the Group for the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used for the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements:

Basis of consolidation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as set out in note 1. Investment in an equity accounted investee is accounted for using the equity method.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the right to variability of returns from its involvement with the investee and its ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee, is considered. The financial statements of subsidiaries, which are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company using consistent accounting policies, are included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date control ceases.

All intra-group balances and financial transactions resulting from transactions between the Company and the subsidiaries and those arising between the subsidiaries are eliminated in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Also, any unrealized gains and losses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interest as transactions with parties external to the Group. Disposals to non-controlling interests, if any, result in gains and losses for the Group that are recorded in the interim consolidated statement of income if control is lost. Purchase of non-controlling interest results in goodwill, being the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments, if any, with original maturities of three months or less.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at original invoice amount less allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written-off as incurred.

Development properties

Properties acquired, constructed or in the course of construction and development for sale are classified as development properties. Unsold properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Sold properties in the course of development are stated at cost plus attributable profit less progress billings. The cost of development properties includes the cost of land and other related expenditure which is transferred to development properties as and when activities that are necessary to get the properties ready for sale are in progress. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less cost of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Development properties (continued)

The property is considered to be completed when all related activities, including the infrastructure and facilities for the entire project, have been completed and handed over and title is transferred. At that stage, cost, attributable profit/loss and progress billings are eliminated from development properties. Management reviews the carrying values of the development properties at each reporting date.

Investment properties

Properties held for rental or capital appreciation purposes as well as those held for undetermined future use are classified as investment properties. Investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if applicable. Investment properties include buildings which are depreciated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of 30 years.

Properties are transferred from investment properties to development properties when and only when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of development with a view to sell. Such transfers are made at the carrying value of the properties at the date of transfer.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Freehold land is not depreciated. The cost less estimated residual value of property and equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20-30
Furniture and fixtures	4
Motor vehicles	4
Heavy equipment and machinery	5-10
Leasehold improvements	2
Office equipments	3
Infrastructure assets	10-30

Expenditure for repair and maintenance are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income. Improvements that increase the value or materially extend the useful life of the related assets are capitalised. Interest on long term loan that is directly related to qualifying property and equipment is capitalised.

Investment in an equity accounted investee

The Group's investment in equity accounted investee represents investment in those entities over whose activities the Group has joint control, established by contractual arrangements and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions. This also includes those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding between 20% and 50% of the voting rights.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in an equity accounted investee (continued)

Investment in equity accounted investee is accounted for using the equity method of accounting together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the investor's net investment in the equity accounted investee. Under the equity method, the investment in the equity accounted investee is carried in the interim balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the equity accounted investee less impairment loss, if any.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of Group's investment is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of an equity accounted investee.

Deferred costs

Deferred costs includes all costs and expenses incurred during the current period and have the future economic benefits. Such costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the related economic benefit periods not exceeding seven years.

Non-current assets held for disposal

Non-current assets that are classified as held for disposal are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Assets are transferred to non-current assets held for disposal when it is expected that the carrying amount will be recovered principally through disposal rather than from continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset must be available for immediate disposal in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for disposals of such assets and its disposal must be highly probable.

Accounts payable and accruals

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for services received or when risks and rewards associated with the goods are transferred to the Group, whether billed by the supplier or not.

Loans and borrowings

Loans are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Deferred contribution

Deferred contribution represents amounts received from customers in respect of infrastructure assets and land, which are recognised as an obligation to provide access to the properties sold. The obligation, which is measured with reference to the contributions received, is then amortised over the useful life of the infrastructure assets for the portion that relates to infrastructure assets and the contributions that relates to the land is recognized as revenue upon transfer of land title.

Employees' end of service benefits

Provision is made for amounts payable under the Saudi Arabian labour law applicable to employees' accumulated periods of service at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and can be measured reliably.

Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in producing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. Currently, the Company is principally involved in sale of plots and apartments and villas in KAEC and certain ancillary services such as hospitality, education and property leasing, which are not significant to the Company's business on an overall basis. Accordingly, the management believes that at this stage, the Company's business activity falls within a single business segment which is subject to same risks and returns and non-disclosure of segment information may not affect the decisions of the users of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the interim consolidated statement of income as follows:

Sale of property

Revenue on sale of plots of land is recognised on the basis of the full accrual method as and when all of the following conditions are met:

- a) a sale is consummated and contracts are signed;
- b) the buyer's investment, to the date of the consolidated financial statements, is adequate to demonstrate a commitment to pay for the property;
- c) the Group's receivable is not subject to future subordination;
- d) the Group has transferred to the buyer the usual risks and rewards of ownership in a transaction that is in substance a sale and does not have a substantial continuing involvement with the property; and
- e) work to be completed is both easily measurable and accrued or is not significant in relation to the overall value of the contract.

Revenue on sale of apartments and villas is recognized on the basis of percentage of completion as and when all of the following conditions are met:

- a) the buyer's investment, to the date of the consolidated financial statements, is adequate (20% and above) to demonstrate a commitment to pay for the property;
- b) construction is beyond a preliminary stage. The engineering, design work, construction contract execution, site clearance and building foundation are finished;
- c) the buyer is committed: the buyer is unable to claim a refund except for non-delivery of the unit; and
- d) the aggregate sales proceeds and costs can be reasonably estimated.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Lease of investment property

Rental income from investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term on ongoing leases.

Services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably, by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Hospitality revenue

Revenue from hotel accommodation, food and beverages and other related services are recognised, net of discount and municipality fees on accrual basis when the services are rendered.

School revenue

Tuition, registration and other fees are recognized as income on accrual basis.

Murabaha term deposits with banks

Income on Murabaha term deposits with banks is recognised on effective yield basis.

Costs of revenue

Costs of revenue includes the cost of land, development and other service related costs. Development costs include the cost of construction.

The costs of revenues in respect of apartments and villas is based on the proportion of the development cost incurred to date related to sold units to the estimated total development costs for each project.

The costs of revenues in respect of land sales includes cost of land.

The costs of revenues in respect of hotel and school is based on actual cost of providing the services.

Expenses

Selling and marketing expenses are those that specifically relate to the selling and marketing activities of the Group. All other expenses are classified as general and administration expenses.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction of an asset are capitalised using capitalisation rate up to the stage when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use are completed and, thereafter, such costs are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income.

Operating leases

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the interim consolidated statement of income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Zakat

Zakat is provided for in accordance with Saudi Arabian Department of Zakat and Income Tax (DZIT) regulations. The provision is charged to the interim consolidated statement of income.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Arabian Riyals at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the interim balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the interim consolidated statement of income.

Non-monetary items measured at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of initial recognition.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense is not offset in the consolidated statement of income unless required or permitted by generally accepted accounting principles in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2015</u> (SR'000)	<u>2014</u> (SR'000)
Bank balances and cash Short-term Murabaha deposits (note 5)	1,784,985 825,589	1,425,016
	2,610,574	1,425,016

5. MURABAHA TERM DEPOSITS WITH BANKS

Murabaha term deposits with banks represent funds placed with commercial banks at market rates and comprised of the following:

	<u>2015</u> (SR'000)	<u>2014</u> (SR'000)
Murabaha deposits Less: short-term Murabaha deposits (note 4)	1,497,018 (825,589)	1,087,871
	671,429	1,087,871

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6. DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES

Development properties represent costs incurred to-date on projects under progress at KAEC, intended to be sold, and costs incurred to-date plus attributable profit / (loss) on sold properties less progress billings made in respect of sold properties under development.

Development properties also include plots of land, amounting to SR 467 million (2014: SR 417.6 million) which have been identified by the management to be sold in their present condition. Accordingly, these have been reclassified from investment properties to development properties.

7. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties include the following:

	<u>2015</u> (SR'000)	2014 (SR'000)
Greenfield land and associated cost (note 7.1) Properties under construction	3,131,507 706,194	3,200,098 784,729
Properties completed Cost Accumulated depreciation	557,752 (23,252)	222,018 (10,502)
	534,500	211,516
	4,372,201	4,196,343

7.1 A Greenfield Land measuring approximately 168 million square meters has been earmarked for the master development of the KAEC. This includes land measuring approximately 37 million square meters which was contributed by a shareholder as part of its capital contribution for an agreed sum of SR 1,700 million in lieu of shares of the same value in the Company.

The specific allocation of the Greenfield land to be used by different projects, which could be for sale or rental, has not yet been completed. Therefore, the Greenfield land and associated costs amounting to SR 3,132 million (2014: SR 3,200 million) has been classified as investment property. No depreciation has been charged as these comprise only freehold land.

Greenfield land includes 24.7 million square meters pledged in favour of Ministry of Finance against a long-term loan of SR 5,000 million (note 15.1).

Loan obtained from commercial banks is also secured against KAEC Greenfield Land. However legal formalities pertaining to security of such additional borrowings are in progress (note 15.2 and 15.3).

Greenfield land measuring 10.5 million square meters has been earmarked for lease to industrial customers.

During the period ended June 30, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved, and thereafter approved by the General Assembly of the Company, to provide a free of cost land measuring 0.3 million square meters to Technical and Vocational Training Centre.

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8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment includes capital work in progress amounting to SR 3,210 million (2014: SR 2,418 million), which represents construction costs in respect of the infrastructure and other projects at KAEC.

9. INVESTMENT IN AN EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEE

	<u>2015</u> (SR '000)	<u>2014</u> (SR '000)
	(527 000)	
Investment	2,487,520	235,980
Purchase of shares from other shareholder	117,480	117,480
Additional capital contribution		2,251,540
	2,605,000	2,605,000
Share of profit from equity accounted investee	21,353	14,588
Elimination of share of profit on sale of land and commission income from equity accounted		
investee	(287,715)	(287,715)
	2,338,638	2,331,873

On Jumada Awal 14, 1431H (corresponding to April 29, 2010), the Port Development Company (PDC), a closed joint stock company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, which will be engaged in development, operation and maintenance of the King Abdullah Port at KAEC (the Port).

During 2011, the shareholders of PDC entered into an agreement whereby, the shareholding structure and funding mechanism of PDC was agreed. As per the terms of agreement, the Company's shareholding in PDC was agreed to be 34%.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, to contribute a part of the equity funding under the agreement, the Company invested SR 145 million in the form of land, infrastructure and other development cost.

On October 8, 2013 the shareholders of PDC had resolved to increase the shareholdings of the Company to 74% by converting additional capital contribution to equity in PDC. Consequently, the land of SR 200 million contributed as part of equity funding during the period ended June 30, 2013 had been reclassified as receivable from PDC (note 14).

On April 16, 2014 the shareholders of PDC have amended the shareholders agreement of October 8, 2013. As per the revised terms, the Company had purchased 11,748,000 registered shares at par in PDC from other shareholder for a cash consideration of SAR 118 million. Accordingly, the Company's shareholding in PDC had reached to 51%.

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9. INVESTMENT IN AN EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEE (continued)

The Company also invested cash of SR 1,701 million. Additional capital contribution also includes SAR 640 million which had been reclassified from loan to an equity accounted investee under the agreement dated October 8, 2013. The legal formalities in respect of conversion of additional capital contribution of SR 2,252 million to equity had been completed on July 17, 2014 that consequently reduced the Company's shareholding in PDC to 50%.

Pursuant to the terms of the revised agreement, the shareholders of PDC have concluded that they have joint control over PDC and hence the management of the Company has reclassified the investment in an associate to "Investment in an equity accounted investee".

Furthermore, as per terms of the revised agreement, the Company has also provided a corporate guarantee to a commercial bank, amounting to SAR 269 million, limited to its revised shareholding percentage in PDC, to allow PDC to secure Shariah compliant commodity Murabaha facility to partially finance the construction costs of the Port.

During the period ended June 30, 2015, the Company has provided an additional corporate guarantee to a commercial bank, amounting to SR 500 million, limited to its shareholding percentage in PDC, to allow PDC to secure Shariah compliant commodity Murabaha facility.

10. DEFERRED COST

	2015 (SR'000)	<u>2014</u> (SR'000)
Deferred costs Less: amortisation	8,787 (2,302)	
	6,485	~

11. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR DISPOSAL

The Group has identified certain assets amounting to SR 90.9 million (2014: SR 101 million) which are to be disposed off in line with the strategic business plans of the Group. Accordingly, these assets are classified as held for disposal. During the period ended June 30, 2015, these assets have been reviewed for impairment which indicated an impairment of SR 10.4 million (2014: SR Nil) and accordingly has been recognised in the interim consolidated statement of income.

12. SHORT-TERM LOANS

As at June 30, 2015 the Group has short-term loans amounting to SR Nil (2014: SR 63 million) from a commercial bank at prevailing market rates.

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For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

13. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

	<u>2015</u> (SR'000)	<u>2014</u> (SR'000)
Accounts payable	104,160	170,518
Contract cost accruals Advance from customers	183,496 139,839	129,760 105,424
Accrued expenses and other payables	103,445	95,027
Amount to be donated for charitable purposes (note 13.1)	70,638	70,923
Retentions payable	130,860 29,931	61,502 45,691
Zakat payable Amounts due to affiliates (note 14)	2,209	2,517
_	764,578	681,362

13.1 The Board of Directors decided in 2006 to donate the amount earned on the founding shareholders' share capital contribution (before initial public offering) placed in fixed deposits maintained with a bank before placing funds under an Islamic deposit scheme. Commission earned on this deposit is added to the amount to be donated for charitable purposes.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence on the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

Related parties include the shareholder, directors, associated companies and key management personnel of the Company.

Related party transactions mainly represent services, expenses and other transactions which are undertaken at mutually agreed terms and approved by the management.

In addition to the disclosures set out in note 9, significant related party transactions for the period ended June 30 are described as under:

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For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

			2015		2014	
	Related party	Nature of transaction	Amount of transaction (SR'000)	Balance receivable/ (payable) (SR'000)	Amount of transaction (SR'000)	Balance receivable/ (payable) (SR'000)
	Affiliates	Sale of land			760,000	ww
		Expenses incurred by affiliates on behalf of the Group	180	(35)		(343)
		Expenses incurred by Group on behalf of an affiliate		89	a-u	89
		Services provided to the Group		(2,174)		(2,174)
		Services provided to the affiliate	1,427			
		Purchase from affiliate	4,921		70,225	
	Key management	Remuneration	7,625	(2,993)	5,581	<u></u>
	personnel	Sale of property	8,464		**	** <u>*</u>
	Board of Directors	Meeting fee	1,386	(1,386)	912	(912)
		Sale of properties			24,430	
15.	LONG-TERM LOANS			2015 SR'000	<u>2014</u> SR'00	
	Balance at January 1 Loans obtained during the period Interest for the period			6,131,180 5,274,7 850,000		
				52,085 7,033,265		52,852 27,641
	Less: current por	Less: current portion of long-term loan		(760,657)	(74	15,870)
	Non - current portion of long-term loan			6,272,608	4,5	81,771

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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15. LONG-TERM LOANS (continued)

- 15.1 During 2011, the Company received a loan of SR 5,000 million from the Ministry of Finance (MoF) for the development of KAEC. The loan is secured against pledge of 24.7 million sqm of the Greenfield Land (note 7.1) and carries annual commission at commercial rates and is repayable, with a three years grace period, in seven annual instalments commencing from June 1, 2015. However, before the repayment due date, EEC has approached the Ministry of Finance to reschedule the loan and accordingly, the due repayment amount is kept classified as current maturity pending final outcome. The loan balance as at June 30, 2015 also includes accrued commission amounting to SR 433 million (2014: SR 328 million).
- 15.2 During 2014, the Company has signed an Islamic facility agreement with a commercial bank for SR 2,000 million Murabaha liquidity finance facility that carries commission at commercial rates. As per the terms of the agreement, the loan is repayable in eight bi-annual instalments from June 30, 2018 to December 31, 2021. The loan is secured against the pledge of shares of the Company in PDC and an order note for SR 2,500 million.

During the period ended June 30, 2015, the Company has signed an Islamic facility agreement with a commercial bank for SR 1,000 million that carries commission at commercial rates. As per the terms of the agreement, the loan is repayable in eight bi-annual instalments from October 20, 2019 to April 20, 2023. The loan is secured against KAEC's Greenfield Land held by the Company and an order note for SR 1,200 million (note 7.1).

15.3 During 2014 and period ended June 30, 2015, the Company has signed two facility agreements with a commercial bank for SR 1,000 million each, carrying commission at prevailing commercial rates. As per the terms of the agreements, the loan terms are door to door 8 years with 3 years grace period starting from respective dates of the agreements. In order to comply with the Sharia principles, an additional facility of SR 250 million has been arranged by the bank linked to each of the facility, to permit the rollover (repayment and drawdown) so that the principal amount is available to the Company for the first 3 years of the loan. Each loan facility is secured against Greenfield Land at KAEC and an order note for SR 1,250 million each (note 7.1).

16. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTION

DEFERRED CONTRIDCTION	<u>2015</u> SR'000	<u>2014</u> SR'000
Balance at January 1 Collections during the period Amortisation during the period	953,882 254,767 (28,452)	532,252 205,809 (24,800)
Balance at June 30	1,180,197	713,261

17. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorized, issued and fully paid share capital of the Company consists of 850 million shares of SR 10 each (2014: 850 million shares of SR 10 each).

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18. EFFECT OF REDUCING THE OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGE IN SUBSIDIARY

During 2013, the shareholders of IZDCL resolved to change the effective shareholding interest of the Company in IZDCL to be 98% in line with other group entities. The legal formalities in this respect have been completed during the year ended December 31, 2014. Consequently, the company held 4,950 shares representing 98% (effective) of IZDCL's share capital, compared to its previous shareholding of 100% (effective) of IZDCL's capital, prior to the transaction.

Due to the decrease of the company's shareholding in IZDCL, the company's share in the net asset of IZDCL has decreased and amount equivalent to SR 86,379 was recognized as an un-realised loss under equity.

19. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share on profit from operations are calculated by dividing the profit from operations by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue during the period.

Earnings per share on net income attributable to shareholders of the Company are calculated by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue of the Company during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable to the Company.

20. ZAKAT

Charge for the period

The Group has made a provision of SR 17.56 million for the period ended June 30, 2015 (2014: SR 15 million).

Status of assessments

The Company has filed the Zakat returns up to the year 2013 and obtained restricted Zakat certificates.

The DZIT issued Zakat assessments for the years 2006 to 2008 and claimed additional Zakat and withholding tax differences of SR 90.4 million in addition to delay penalty. The case was transferred to the Higher Appeal Committee (HAC) which requested some additional documents which were provided by the Company. In compliance of the appeal procedures and without admitting the liability, the Company submitted a bank guarantee and paid under protest the withholding tax differences. The HAC issued a decision supporting the DZIT. The Company appealed against the HAC decisions at the Bureau of Grievance. The Company is of the view that given a fair review of the assessments, their view may prevail. No provision is made for the additional Zakat and withholding tax liability in these interim condensed financial statements.

The DZIT issued Zakat assessment for the years 2009 to 2011 and claimed additional Zakat, withholding tax and delay penalty differences of SR 64.7 million. The Company has filed an objection against this assessment and submitted the documents supporting the objection. The DZIT issued an amended assessment for the years 2009 to 2011 which showed a reduction of Zakat and withholding tax differences by SR 30.2 million. The Company accepted the amended assessment and settled the Zakat, withholding tax and delay penalties differences of SR 34.6 million.

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For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015

20. ZAKAT (continued)

ECIHC and IZDCL have finalized their Zakat status up to the year 2011 and have also filed the Zakat return for the year 2013. The filing of the Zakat return for the year 2014 is in progress.

REOM, REM and RED have filed the Zakat returns for the first financial period ended December 31, 2013. The filing of the Zakat return for the year 2014 is in progress.

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

- a) The Group has contracted with its industrial customers to provide property management and city maintenance services. The costs of providing these services to industrial customers may be higher than the fee or charges that the Group may be able to charge to its industrial customers. The financial effect, if any, is not currently practicable to estimate.
- b) The Group had commitments as at June 30, 2015 amounting to SR 2,950 million (2014: SR 2,727 million) related to future capital expenditure for the development of KAEC.

22. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised to issue by the Board of Directors on Ramadan 28, 1436H, corresponding to July 15, 2015.